

Beyond Borders, Beyond Norms:



The Role of Queer Kinship and Chosen Families in Reshaping Pan-African Unity

Lilian Joy EHRET

Background and Problematic

Rise in criminalization and hostility towards LGTBQ+ individuals across the African continent forces many to flee their country of origin

(McKay & Angotti, 2016; Kitunguu, 2023) e.g. Anti-Homosexuality Bill 2023 in Uganda



FLEE

- anti-homosexuality laws
- human rights abuses
- social marginalisation
- hate crimes, abuse, violence, threats, murders
- sexual violence and "corrective" rape
- institutional neglect and violence
- job loss, evictions, denial of healthcare services, etc.

(Human Rights Watch, 2024; Chapter Four Uganda, 2023)

- leave loved ones and life behind
- continued persecution, hostility, human rights abuses
- neglect by institutions and police
- new barriers to institutional support, public services, documentation, housing, employment
- restricted movement (refugee camps)
- intersecting marginalizations compound (refugee + queer)
- barriers to resettlement

(Amnesty International & NGLHRC, 2023; Equaldex, 2025b)



Research Question

How do subversive practices of kinship-building and mutual aid in East African queer refugee communities lay the prefigurative groundwork for an inclusive Pan African movement?

Methods

Through a reflexive thematic analysis of interviews with community members affiliated with the queer refugee-led organization *Nature Network* in Nairobi, this research explores how queer refugees organize, build kinship, and create local and transnational Pan-African solidarity networks. *Queer African Studies; Queer Pan-Africanism; Queer Kinship; Mutual Aid, Prefigurative Politics*

Findings

Queer refugees build subversive grassroots systems of collective care

Nature Network facilitates local communal mutual aid that is needs-based and adaptive; and challenges Western NGO models, through e.g. everyday practices of care and healing, chosen family structures, shelter networks, joint economic initiatives, and safety corridors

🍙 Queer kinship structures reimagine personal, political and cultural relations and belonging

Transnational queer kinship and mutual aid are grassroots Pan-African practices

💮 Queer Pan-African practices are examples of prefigurative politics - living the future in the present

Structural barriers limit the success and scope of Pan-African organizing

Conclusion and Implications

- Sustainable and effective LGBTQ+ aid must prioritize locally defined goals, adopt intersectional approaches, and avoid rigid, bureaucratic funding structures rooted in Western priorities
- Shift needed in humanitarian and development aid: from a top-down model of service provision to one that centers grassroots knowledge, refugee leadership, and autonomy
- Local organizations are best positioned to understand and respond to their communities' unique needs
- The criminalization of queerness, prevailing marginalization and hierarchies within queer and refugee communities, and donor-driven constraints limit the reach and sustainability of this Pan-African movement









